

Product code	70-071
Size	100 µg
Storage	-20°C
Concentration	1.0 mg/ml
Buffer	PBS- with 50% glycerol
Purity	Purified IgG fraction with protein A from hybridoma cell culture medium.
Immunogen	Recombinant human alpha Tubulin (full-size)
Isotype	Mouse IgG1ĸ
Reactivity	Human Pol $\eta$ protein. Not tested in other species
Special notes	N/A
Application	1. Western blot. (1/500~1/2,000 dilution)
	2. Immunofluorescence staining (1/200~1/1,000 dilution)
	Not tested for other application
Background	DNA polymerase eta ( 713 aa, 78 kDa) is specifically involved in DNA repair. Plays
	an important role in translesion synthesis, where the normal high fidelity DNA
	polymerases cannot proceed and DNA synthesis stalls. Plays an important role in
	the repair of UV-induced pyrimidine dimers. Depending on the context, it inserts
	the correct base, but causes frequent base transitions and transversions. May play
	a role in hypermutation at immunoglobulin genes. Forms a Schiff base with 5'-
	deoxyribose phosphate at abasic sites, but does not have lyase activity. Targets POLI
	(Pol iota) to replication foci.
	Involvement in disease: <u>Xeroderma pigmentosum variant type</u> (XPV)
	[MIM: <u>278750</u> ]: An autosomal recessive pigmentary skin disorder characterized by
	solar hypersensitivity of the skin, high predisposition for developing cancers on
	areas exposed to sunlight and, in some cases, neurological abnormalities. XPV
	shows normal nucleotide excision repair, but an exaggerated delay in recovery of
	replicative DNA synthesis. Most patients with the variant type of xeroderma
	pigmentosum do not develop clinical symptoms and skin neoplasias until a later age.
	Clinical manifestations are limited to photo-induced deterioration of the skin and
	eyes. <b>Key Words:</b> DNA polymerase eta, <i>POLH,</i> Y-family DNA polymerase, Xerderma
	pigmentosum variant type (XPV), Translesion DNA synthesis, Error-prone DNA
	polymerase, UV-sensitive, DNA damage tolerance, Skin cancer
Data Link	UniProtKB: <u>Q9Y253</u> Human <u>Entrez Gene: 5429</u> Human
Please note: All products are FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC	
PROCEDURES. NOT FOR MILITARY USE.	

## Anti-DNA polymerase n antibody, mouse monoclonal (5H10)



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Data Images: 70-071 Anti-DNA polymerase n antibody, mouse monoclonal (5H10)



Fig. 1. Identification of Pol eta in whole cell extract of HeLa cells by western blot with anti-Pol eta antibody (5H10).

Lane 1; Recombinant full-size Pol eta with His6 tag at C-teminus. Positive control.

Lnae 2; Whole cell extract of HeLa cells. ~40 ug protein applied. Positive control

Lane 3; Whole cell extract of XP2SA (XP-V) cells. ~40 ug protein applied. Negative control

PoL eta is detected at ~80 kDa position. 8% gel was used.

Data by courtesy of Prof. F. Hanaoka and Prof. C. Masutani at Osaka University



## Fig.2. Immunofluorescence staining of DNA polymerase eta in HeLa cells with anti Pol eta antibody.

HeLa cells were fixed in 4% paraformaldehyde overnight and permeabilized in 0.25% TritonX 100 in PBS for 10 min. anti-Pol eta antibody was used at 1/1,000 dilution.

**Reference:** This antibody has not been cited in publication yet.

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