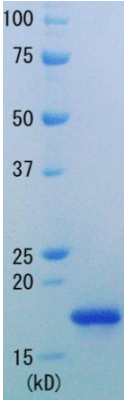


E. coli Ribonuclease H (RNase H) with Reaction Buffer

Product code	02-060 02-060-5
Size	1000 U 1000 U x 5
Storage	-20°C
Product Description	Recombinant full-size functional <i>E. coli</i> RNase H (RNaseHI) over-expressed in <i>E. coli</i> and highly purified. MW is 17.6 kDa. Caution: To avoid contamination of trace amounts of nucleic acids in BSA, use reaction buffer that does not contain BSA and use RNaseH at higher concentrations.
Concentration	50 U/μl (Specific Activity: ~100,000 U/mg protein)
Unit Definition	1 unit is defined as the amount of the enzyme that hydrolyzes 1 nmol of the RNA in ³ H-labeled M13 DNA/RNA hybrid to acid-soluble ribonucleotides in 20 min at 37°C.
Purity	Greater than 95% protein determined by SDS-PAGE (CBB staining) Endo- and exo-DNase activities and RNase activity were not detected with 100 U/ml RNaseH in 50 ul reaction at 37°C.
Component	<i>E. coli</i> RNase H (50U/μl): 20mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.5), 100mM KCl, 1mM DTT, 50% Glycerol (02-Rnh, 20 μl) 10x Reaction Buffer (RNaseH): 500mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.6), 100mM MgCl ₂ , 10 mM ATP, 100mM dithiothreitol (02-Rnb, 1 ml)
Application	1. Removal of mRNA in DNA/RNA hybrid prior to the synthesis of the second strand of cDNA (1, 2) 2. Removal of poly (A) tails from mRNA after hybridization with oligo (dT) (3) 3. Oligodeoxyribonucleotide-directed site-specific cleavage of RNA (4)
Background	Ribonuclease H (RNase H) is an endoribonuclease which specifically degrades the RNA strand of an RNA/DNA hybrid, leaving the DNA strand and unhybridized RNA intact.
Data Image	 <p>Figure. SDS-PAGE analysis of <i>E. coli</i> RNaseH</p>
Data Link	UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot P0A7Y4 (RNH_ECOLI)
Please note: All products are FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES. NOT FOR MILITARY USE.	

02-060 *E.coli* Ribonuclease H (RNase H) with Reaction Buffer

Reference: This product has been used in the following publications.

1. Satoh Y et al. A novel testis-specific long noncoding RNA, Tesra, activates the Prss42/Tessp-2 gene during mouse spermatogenesis. [Biol Reprod.](#) 2019 Mar 1;100(3):833-848. PMID: [30379984](#)
2. Takahashi H et al. RNase H-assisted RNA-primed rolling circle amplification for targeted RNA sequence detection. [Sci Rep.](#) 2018 May 17;8(1):7770. PMID: [29773824](#)
3. Kake S et al. Death-associated protein kinase 3 controls the tumor progression of A549 cell through ERK MAPK/c-Myc signaling. [Oncol Rep.](#) 2017 Feb;37(2):1100-1106. PMID: [28075459](#)

Useful References

1. Gubler U (1987) "Second-strand cDNA synthesis: mRNA fragments as primers." *Method Enzymol* **152**: 330-335 PMID: [3309563](#)
2. Sambrook J & Russell DW (2001) *Molecular Cloning*, Chapter 11 "Preparation of cDNA Libraries and Gene Identification". CSHL Press
3. Vournakis JN *et al* (1975) "Electrophoretic patterns of deadenylylated chorion and globin mRNAs." *Proc.Natl.Acad.Sci.USA* **72**: 2959-2963 PMID: [1059086](#)
4. Donis-Keller H (1979) "Site specific enzymatic cleavage of RNA." *Nucleic Acids Res.* **7**: 179-192 PMID: [386279](#)