

Anti-SUMO1	antibody, :	rat monoclonal	(4D12) (biotin)
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Product code	70-654	
Size	50 μg	
Storage	-20°C	
Concentration	1.0 mg/ml	
Buffer	PBS- with 50% glycerol	
Purity	Purified IgG fraction with protein A from hybridoma cell culture medium.	
Immunogen	Purified recombinant GST-fused human SUMO1 (full length)	
Isotype	Rat IgG 2a κ	
Reactivity	Specific to human, simian, mouse and rat SUMO1.	
	Other species have not been tested.	
Special notes	Conjugation: biotin	
Application	1. Western blotting (1/1,000 dilution)	
	2. Immunofluorescence staining (1/100 dilution)	
	3. Immunohistochemistry, frozen section (1/100 dilution)	
	4. ELISA (assay dependent)	
	Other applications have not been tested.	
Background	SUMO (Small Ubiquitin-like Modifier) proteins are a family of small proteins	
	that are covalently attached to and detached from other proteins in cells to	
	modify their function. Unlike ubiquitination, which targets proteins for	
	degradation, SUMO modification plays a critical role in a number of cellular	
	functions including nucleocytoplasmic transport, gene expression, cell cycle and	
	formation of subnuclear structures such as promyelocytic leukemia (PML)	
	bodies. There are three confirmed SUMO isoforms in human; SUMO1, SUMO2	
	and SUMO3. SUMO2 /3 show a high degree of similarity to each other and are	
	distinct from SUMO-1. Individual SUMO family members are all targeted to	
	different proteins with diverse biological functions. SUMO-1 is conjugated to	
	RanGAP, PML, p53 and $I\kappa B \alpha$ to regulate nuclear trafficking, formation of	
	subnuclear structures, regulation of transcriptional activity and protein	
	stability. SUMO1 is encoded as a 101 aa protein and first Met and C-terminal	
	4 aa are removed from the preprotein.	
Data Link	Swiss-Prot <u>P63165</u> (human)	
Please note: All products are FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC		
PROCEDURES. NOT FOR MILITARY USE.		

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Data Images: 70-654 Anti-SUMO1 antibody, rat monoclonal (4D12) (biotin)

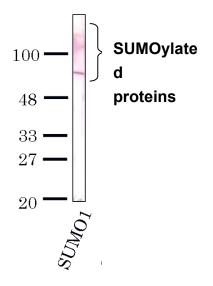


Fig.1. Detection of SUMO-1 by Western blotting with the antibody 4D12.

An 80kDa single and other multiple bands were observed in HeLa total cell extract. The 80 kDa band would be SUMO-RanGAP.

Anti-SUMO-1 antibody 4D12 was used at 1 $\mu g/ml.$

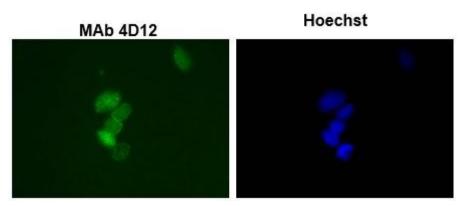


Fig.2. Immunofluorescence staining of SUMO-1 with the antibody 4D12 in the mouse primary culture neurons.

Left: Stained with anti-SUMO-1 antibody 4D12 at 10 $\mu g/ml.$ Light: DNA was stained with Hoechst



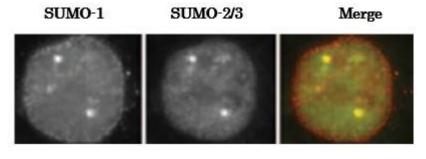


Fig.2. SUMO-1 colocalizes with SUMO-2/3 as revealed by indirect immunofluorescence staining of C-33A cells (human cervix carcinoma).

Left: SUMO-1 was stained with anti-SUMO-1 antibody (4D12) at 10 µg/ml Middle: SUMO-2/3 was stained with anti-SUMO-2/3 antibody (3H12). Right: Merged image

References: This antibody was used in Ref. 3 and 4.

- Ulrich HD "The fast-growing business of SUMO chains." Review Mol Cell 32: 301–305 (2008) PMID: 18995828
- Cheng J *et al* "Role of desumoylation in the development of prostate cancer." Review Neoplasia 8: 667-676 (2006) PMID: <u>16925949</u>
- 3. Uchimura Y *et al* "Involvement of SUMO modification in MBD1- and MCAF1-mediated heterochromatin formation." *J Biol Chem* **281**: 23180-23190 (2006) PMID: <u>16757475</u>
- 4. Saitoh N *et al* "In situ SUMOylation analysis reveals a modulatory role of RanBP2 in the nuclear rim and PML bodies." *Exp Cell Res* **312**: 1418-1430 (2006) PMID: <u>16688858</u>