

Anti-E2F1 p-Ser364 antibody, mouse monoclonal (#2)

Product code	71-151
Size	100 µg
Storage	-20°C
Concentration	1.0 mg/ml
Buffer	PBS ⁻ with 50% glycerol
Purity	Purified IgG fraction with protein A from hybridoma cell culture medium.
Immunogen	Synthetic peptide corresponding to a sequence of human E2F1 protein including and surrounding phospho-Ser364
Isotype	Mouse IgG2b _κ
Reactivity	Human E2F1 protein phosphorylated at Ser364. Not tested with other species.
Special notes	N/A
Application	1. Western blotting (1 µg/ml) 2. ELISA
Background	E2F1 is a member of E2F group of proteins that share common structural and functional domains and plays a major role during the G1/S transition in the mammalian cell cycle as a transcriptional factor (1). E2F1 is regulated during cell cycle progression. It is phosphorylated at Ser364 by Chk2 kinase in response to DNA damage, stabilized, mobilized to nucleus and activated as a transcription factor (2). It induces apoptosis by activating transcription of the p53 homolog, p73 (3). E2F1 protein consists of 437 amino acids with a molecular mass of 46 kDa.
Data Link	UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Q01094 (E2F1_HUMAN)
Please note: All products are FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES. NOT FOR MILITARY USE.	

Data Images: 71-151 Anti-E2F1 p-Ser364 (human) antibody, mouse monoclonal (#2)

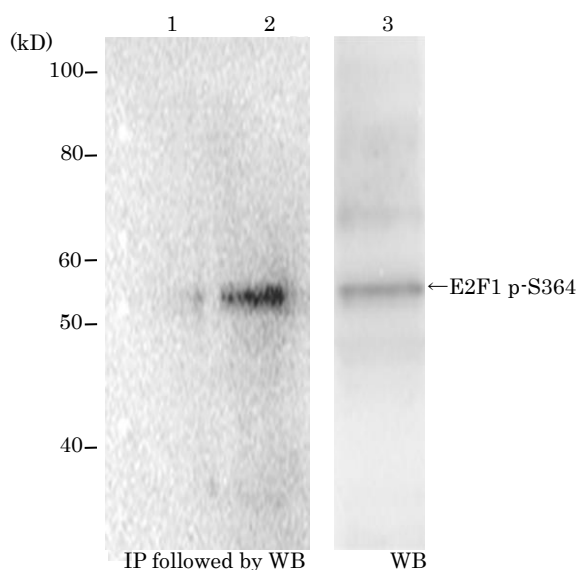


Fig.1 Identification of E2F1 protein phosphorylated at p-Ser364 with monoclonal antibody (#2)

MCF cells were grown in the absence (lane 1) or in the presence of etoposide at 10 μ M for 16 h (lanes 2 & 3). Crude lysates were prepared and analyzed by Western blotting (lane 3) with the antibody #2 or immunoprecipitated by pantropic anti-E2F1 antibody followed by Western blotting with the antibody #2.

References

1. Trimarchi JM & Lees JA "Sibling rivalry in the E2F family" *Nat Rev Mol Cell Biol* 3:11-20(2002)
PMID: [11823794](https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/11823794/)
2. Stevens C et al "Chk2 activates E2F-1 in response to DNA damage" *Nat Cell Bio* 5:401-409 (2003)
PMID: [12717439](https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/12717439/)
3. Irwin M et al "Role for the p53 homologue p73 in E2F-1-induced apoptosis" *Nature* 407:645-648 (2000) PMID: [11034215](https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/11034215/)