

## Anti-MCM7 antibody, rabbit polyclonal

70-120 100 μg

**Shipping and Storage**: Ship at  $4^{\circ}$ C or  $-20^{\circ}$ C and store at  $-20^{\circ}$ C.

**Immunogen:** Purified His6-tagged human MCM7 protein encompassing 562 -719 amino acids.

**Form:** Purified IgG from the rabbit antiserum. 1.0 mg/ml in PBS with 50% glycerol, filter-sterilized. Azide- and carrier-free.

**Reactivity:** Reacts with human mouse, rat and hamster. Not tested in other species. **Applications** 

- 1) Western blotting  $(1/1,000\sim1/5,000 \text{ dilution})$ .
- 2) Immunoprecipitation (assay dependent)
- 3) Chromatin Immuno-Precipitation
- 4) Immunofluorescence staining (1/200~1/1,000 dilution).
- 5) Flow cytometry (assay dependent

**Key words:** DNA replication licensing factor, MCM complex, DNA replication initiation, G1/S transition, DNA damage response, DNA helicase,

Background: MCM7 (human; 718 aa, 80 kDa) acts as component of the MCM2-7 complex (MCM complex) which is the putative replicative helicase essential for 'once per cell cycle' DNA replication initiation and elongation in eukaryotic cells. The active ATPase sites in the MCM2-7 ring are formed through the interaction surfaces of two neighboring subunits such that a critical structure of a conserved arginine finger motif is provided in trans relative to the ATP-binding site of the Walker A box of the adjacent subunit. The six ATPase active sites, however, are likely to contribute differentially to the complex helicase activity. Required for S-phase checkpoint activation upon UV-induced damage.

Data Link UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot P33993 MCM7\_HUMAN

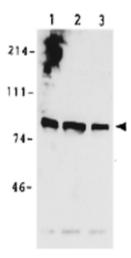


Fig. 1. Identification of MCM7 protein in whole cell extracts of human cells by western blotting using anti-MCM7 antibody.

Lane 1; SiHacells

Lane 2; C33Acells

Lane3; WI38 cells

All cell lines are cervical cancer derived. Samples are obtained from approximately  $10^5$  cells.



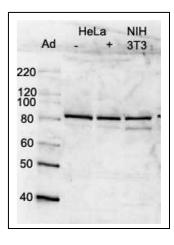


Fig. 2 Identification of MCM7 protein in whole cell extracts of human and mouse cells by western blotting using anti-MCM7 antibody..

Lane 1. Size marker proteins in kDa.

Lane 2. Extract of HeLa cells untreated (-).

Lane 3. Extract of HeLa cells treated with 100 nM adriamycin for 24 hr (+)

Lane 4. Extract of NIH3T3 (mouse) cells.

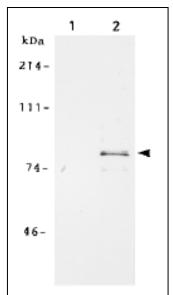


Fig. 3. Immunoprecipitation of MCM7 protein from crude extract of human fibroblast cell line WI38 by using anti-MCM7 antibody.

Lane 1; Immunoprecipitation with pre-immune serum

Lane 2; Immnoprecipitation with anti-MCM7 antiserum.

Cells were labeled with  $S^{35}$  methionine and MCM7 was immunoprecipitated with the anti-MCM7 antibody followed by SDS-PAGE and autoradiography.

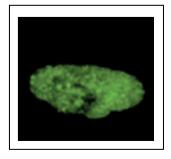


Fig. 4. Immunofluorecence staining and confocal microscopic analysis of MCM7 in G<sub>1</sub> phase HeLa cell nucleus by using anti-MCM7 antibody after treatment with protein cross-linking reagent, DSP and chromatin extraction. The processed cells were fixed with formaldehyde before staining.



References: This antibody was described in Ref.1 and used in the following publications.

- Fujita M et al. hCDC47, a human member of the MCM family. Dissociation of the nucleus-bound form during S phase. J Biol Chem. (1996)271:4349-54. PMID 8626784.
   WB, IP, IF
- Fujita M. et al. In vivo interaction of human MCM heterohexameric complexes with chromatin.
  Possible involvement of ATP. J Biol Chem. (1997)272:10928-35. <a href="PMID 9099751">PMID 9099751</a>. WB, IP
- Fujita M. et al. (2002) Nuclear organization of DNA replication initiation proteins in mammalian cells. J Biol Chem. 277:10354-61. <u>PMID 11779870</u>. WB, IP, IF.
- 4. Sugimoto N. et al. Chromatin remodeler sucrose nonfermenting 2 homolog (SNF2H) is recruited onto DNA replication origins through interaction with Cdc10 protein-dependent transcript 1 (Cdt1) and promotes pre-replication complex formation.
  - Nucleic Acids Res. 2015 Jul 13;43(12):5898-911. PMID: 25990725 WB, IP, ChIP, Flow Cyt: human
- 5. Sugimoto N. et al. Cdt1-binding protein GRWD1 is a novel histone-binding protein that facilitates MCM loading through its influence on chromatin architecture. <u>Nucleic Acids Res.</u> 2015 Jul 13;43(12):5898-911. PMID:25990725. **WB, ChIP: human**
- 6. Sugimoto N. et al. Genome-wide analysis of the spatiotemporal regulation of firing and dormant replication origins in human cells. <u>Nucleic Acids Res.</u> 2018 Jul 27;46(13):6683-6696. PMID: 29893900. ChIP: human