

Anti-RagC/RRAGC antibody, rabbit polyclonal

Product code	71-023
Size	100 µg
Storage	-20°C
Concentration	1.0 mg/ml
Buffer	PBS ⁻ with 50% glycerol
Purity	Purified IgG fraction with protein A from rabbit antiserum.
Immunogen	Purified full-length human Rag C protein fused with GST
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Reactivity	Human, mouse and hamster. Not tested in other species.
Special notes	N/A
Application	1. Western blotting (1,000~ 2,000 folds dilution) 2. Immunofluorescence staining (1/100~1/500)
Background	<p>Guanine nucleotide-binding protein forming heterodimeric Rag complexes required for the amino acid-induced relocalization of mTORC1 to the lysosomes and its subsequent activation by the GTPase RHEB. This is a crucial step in the activation of the TOR signaling cascade by amino acids</p> <p>Molecular mass: 44,224 with 399 amino acids. Rag C forms a functional complex with Rag A and Rag B.</p> <p>Cellular localization: Predominantly cytoplasmic. May shuttle between the cytoplasm and nucleus, depending on the bound nucleotide state of associated RagA.</p> <p>Post-translational modification: Acetylation and phosphorylation</p>
Data Link	UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot: Q9HB90 RRAGC_Human
Please note: All products are FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES. NOT FOR MILITARY USE.	

Data Images: 71-023 Anti-RagC/RRAGC antibody, rabbit polyclonal

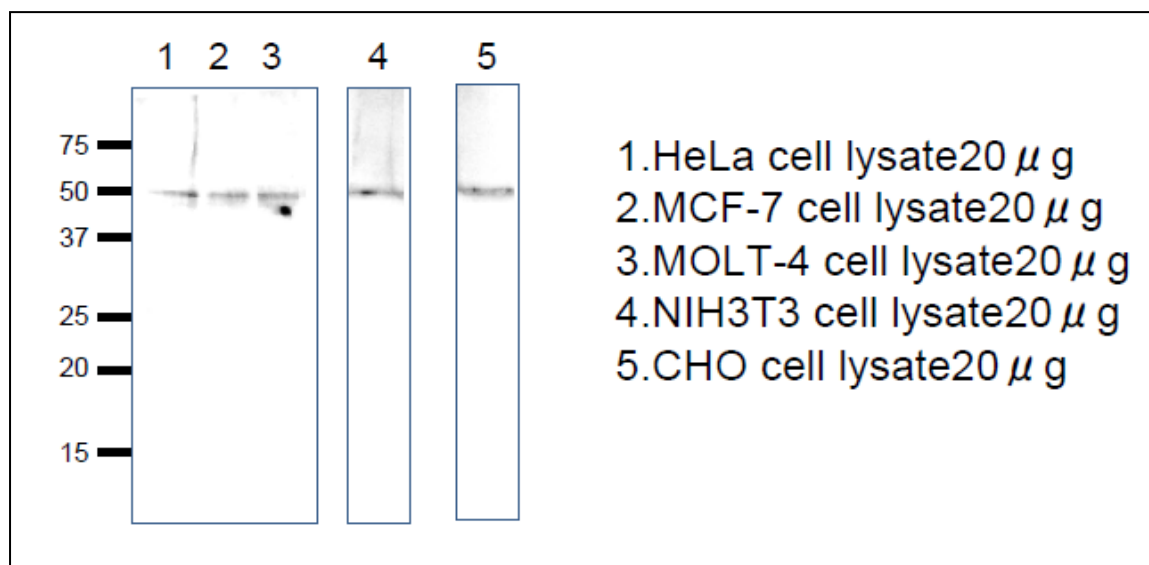


Fig.1 Western blot analysis of Rag C protein in the cell lysates.

Anti-RagC antiserum was used at 1/1,000 dilution. Second antibody, anti-rabbit IgG conjugated with HRP, was used at 1/10,000 dilution.

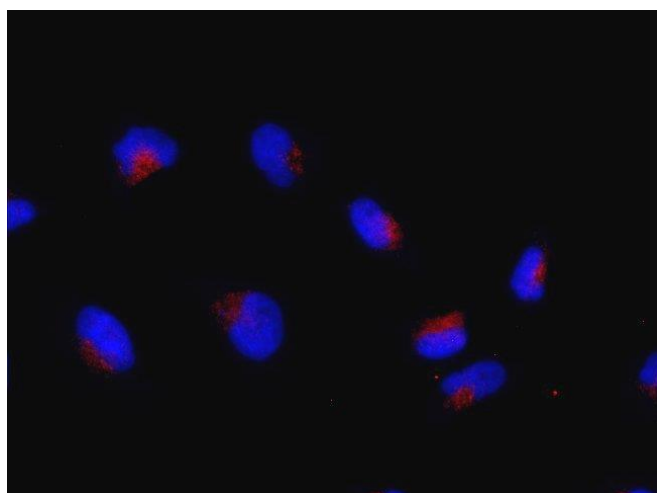


Fig.2 Immunofluorescence staining of Rag C protein in HeLa cells.

HeLa cells were fixed with 4% paraformaldehyde and permeabilized with 0.5% TritonX 100 and reacted with anti-RagC antibody at 1/100 dilution. As the 2nd antibody, anti-rabbit IgG antibody conjugated with Alexa Fluor 647 (red) was used at 1/1,000 dilution. DNA was stained with DAPI (blue).

Reference : This product was described and used in the following reference .

1. Sekiguchi T., et al. (2004) A novel human nucleolar protein, Nop132, binds to the G proteins, RRAG A/C/D. J Biol Chem. 279: 8343-50. PubMed [14660641](https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/14660641/) WB